



# ORGOREVIEW

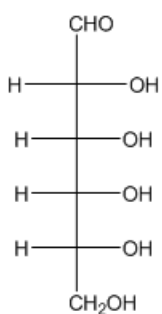
## Question Vault

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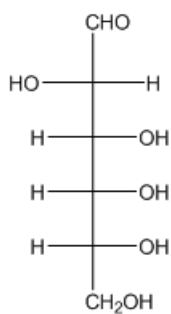
This problem is based upon the ideas used in the classic Fisher glucose proof.

Suppose you had four unknown D-aldohexoses, compounds A, B, C and D. The following reactions were run to identify compounds.



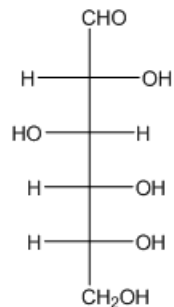
**D-Allose**

1



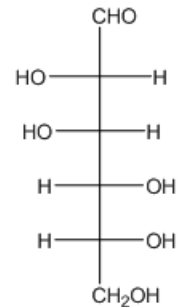
**D-Altrose**

2



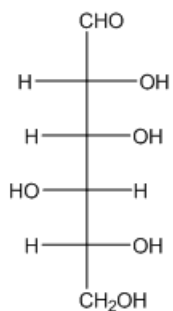
**D-Glucose**

3



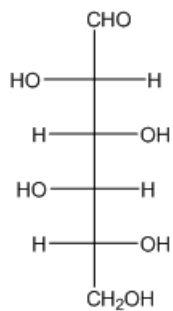
**D-Mannose**

4



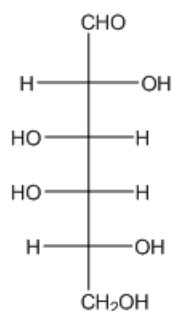
**D-Gulose**

5



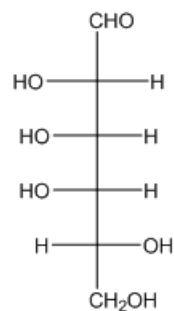
**D-Idose**

6



**D-Galactose**

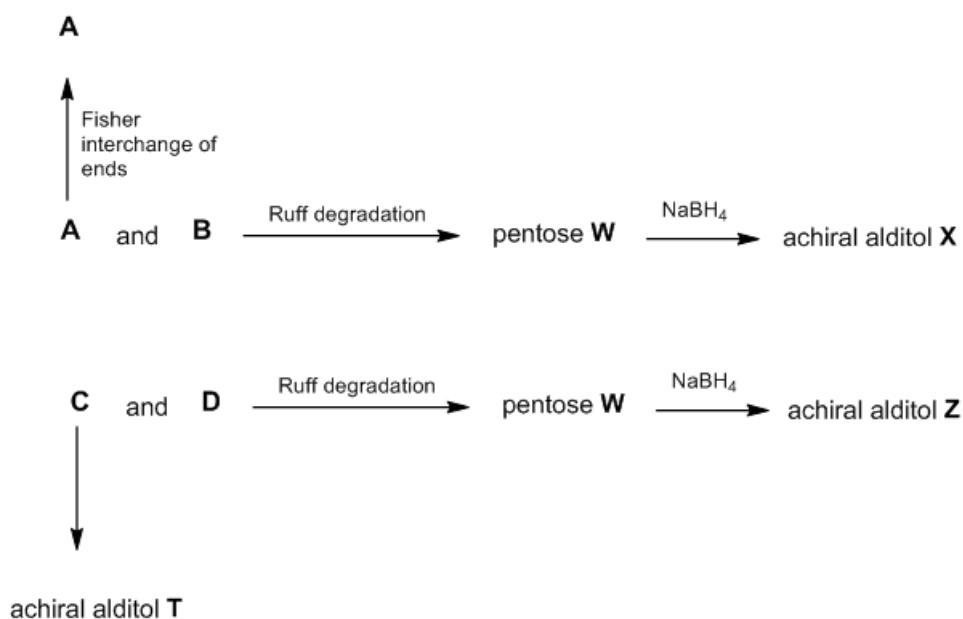
7



**D-Talose**

8

- a. The Ruff degradation of an aldohexose removes the C-2 carbon and yields an aldopentose. The Ruff degradation of A and B gave the same pentose W. NaBH<sub>4</sub> reduction of pentose W gave an achiral alditol X.
- b. The Ruff degradation of C and D gave the same pentose Y. NaBH<sub>4</sub> reduction of pentose Y also gave an achiral alditol Z.
- c. NaBH<sub>4</sub> reduction of C gave an achiral alditol, T.
- d. Fisher developed a method for interchanging the ends of an aldohexose. Applying this procedure to aldohexose A gave back the same compound A.



Identify the four compounds **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. On the answer form fill in the blanks using the numbers given under the structure names in the figure at the top of this page.

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